



Local Anesthesia in the Dental Office

- Have you ever had a patient experience severe pain upon injection and then you observe their cheek blanch? ۰
- Do you know why physicians commonly recommend NO epi? ۰
- ۰
- Have you ever had the situation where your patient affirmed a numb lip and tongue only to jump when you were treating a tooth? Have you ever had a patient you just could not get numb despite multiple injections and you call the patient that evening and they stated that an hour after they got home or back to work, they were the most numb they have ever experienced? ۰
- Have you ever had a patient complain of limited opening for 2-3 weeks after an inferior alveolar/mandibular block? ۰
- How well do you know your armamentarium?
- Do you know the most likely time of a medical emergency in the • dental setting?
- Do you achieve IAN block 100% of the time? •
- What local anesthetics can be used with a pregnant patient?
- ۰ Are there any clues to differentiate an ester from an amide?



Medical Emergencies in the Dental Office Malamed - CDA Journal...survey of 4000 dentists over a 10-year period Time of Occurrence of Reported Systemic Complications: 1.5% Just before treatment 54.9% During/after local anesthesia 22% During treatment 15.2% After treatment 5.5% After leaving office ow many times have I told you no your fingers while I'm extracting under hypnosis?"

Medical Emergencies in the Dental Office

Of the 22% during dental treatment occurrence of complications:

38.9% Tooth extraction26.9% Pulp extirpation12.3% Unspecified9.0% During other treatment

























Pharmacological Considerations for Pregnant Women

Pharmaceutical Agent	Indications, Contraindications, and Special Consideration	
Analgesics		
Acetaminophen	May be used during pregnancy.	
Acetaminophen with Codeine, Hydrocodone, or Oxycodone		
Codetne		
Meperidine		
Morphine		
Asptrin	May be used in short duration during pregnancy; 48 to 72 hours. Avoid in 1st and 3rd trimesters.	
Ibuprofen		
Naproxen		
Antibiotics		
Amoxicillin	May be used during pregnancy.	
Cephalosportas		
Clindamycin		
Metronidazole		
Penicillin		
Ciprofloxacin	Avoid during pregnancy.	
Clarithromycin		
Levofloxacin		
Moxifloxacin		
Tetracycline	Never use during pregnancy.	
Anesthetics	Consult with a prenatal care health professional prior to using intravenous sedation or general anesthesia.	
Local anesthetics with epinephrine (e.g., Buplyacaine, Lidocaine, Mepiyacaine)	May be used during pregnancy.	
Nitsous oxide (30%)	May be used during pregnancy when topical or local anesthetics are inadequate. Pregnant women require lower levels of nitrous oxide to achieve sedation; consult with prenatal care health professional.	

Malamed-Handbook of Local Anesthesia

- The dental local anesthetic **cartridge** is, by common usage, referred by dental professionals as a *carpule*. *Carpule* is actually a registered trade name for the dental cartridge prepared by Cook-Waite Laboratories, which introduced it into dentistry in 1920. The patent was originally issued by the US Patent Office on August 4, 1925. The patent on the name *carpule* expired on May 6, 2006.
- Carpules no longer exist!

Local Anesthesia



	Local Anesthesia
Posol C *]	logy (the scientific study of drug dosages) Greek posos (how much) logos (study) Ratio Solutions = Grams/mL
e.g., e	epinephrine (adrenaline) 1:100,000 =1Gram/1,000,000mL 1:100,000 =10mcg/mL .01mg/mL .017mg or .018mg or .022mg/cartridge
e.g.,	0.5% Bupivacaine5mg/mL1.3mg/kg(10) 2% Lidocaine20mg/mL4.4mg/kg(8) 3% Mepivacaine30mg/mL4.4mg/kg(5.5) 4% Prilocaine40mg/mL6mg/kg(5.5) 4% Articaine40mg/mL6mg/kg(5.5)







	Duration (min)	
Drug Formulation	Pulpal	Soft Tissue
3% mepivacaine (infiltration)	5-10	90-120
4% prilocaine (infiltration)	10-15	60-120
4% prilocaine (nerve block)	40-60	120-240
4% articaine + epinephrine 1:200,000	4560	180-240
2% lidocaine + epinephrine 1:50,000	60	180-300
2% lidocaine + epinephrine 1:100,000	60	180-300
2% mepivacaine + levonordefrin 1:20,000	60	180-300
2% mepivacaine + epinephrine 1:100,000	60	180-300
4% articaine + epinephrine 1:100,000	60-75	180-300
4% prilocaine + epinephrine 1:200,000	60-90	180-480
0.5% bupivacaine + epinephrine 1:200.000	>90	240-720





















Differential Nerve Block

✓ There is a clear relationship between the length of nerve exposed to the local anesthetic and the resultant type of anesthesia that is produced.

✓ If the length of the nerve bathed by the anesthetic is sufficient, the depolarization will diminish over distance until it becomes too weak to activate sodium channels.

Raymond SA, et al. AnesthAnalg.1989; 563-570



Combination Nerve Block

JADA⁺ Clinical Scans

Romina Brignardello-Petersen, DDS, MSc, PhD Combination of Gow-Gates and inferior alveolar nerve block may result in a higher rate of successful anesthesia than either technique alone

ettner technique aione Satchi M, Shaftee M, Khademi A, Memaraaleh B. Anesthetie efficacy of Gow-Gates nerve block, inferior alveedar nerve block, and their combination in mandibular molars with sympomatic irreversible pulpitist a prospective, nadomied efinical trail [published online ahead of print December 19, 2017]. J Endod. https://doi.org/10.1016/ j.jsen.2017.10.008.

> Forty percent of participants in the GGNB group, 44% in the IANB group, and 70% in the GGNB plus IANB group had successful anesthesia. Participants who received GGNB plus IANB were 1.75 times and 1.59 times more likely to achieve successful anesthesia than those who received GGNB or IANB, respectively.











De-ionized anesthetic: Adsorption issues with plastic contact

- Purpose of buffering is to create more de-ionized or "active" anesthetic by raising pH of the LA.
- Care should be taken when buffered local anesthetic is held in, or passes through, plastic.
- Studies indicate that some or all of the de-ionized anesthetic created by buffering will "adsorb" or stick to the surfaces of plastic in the fluid path, reducing effectiveness of the buffering and potentially reducing the efficacy of the local anesthetic.

Adsorption of I	idocaine intoPlastic
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